

TROY **DEBRISOL**

ENZYME WOUND PUMP SPRAY



WHAT IS TROY DEBRISOL ENZYME WOUND PUMP SPRAY?

Troy Debrisol Enzyme Wound Pump Spray is an aid in removing pus, dead and decaying tissues from wounds, ulcers, abscesses, with minimum scarring in dogs, horses, cattle, pigs, and sheep.

Active Ingredients: 80.0 mg/L trypsin

Poison Schedule: Unscheduled

Physical Description: A brown mobile liquid, free from suspended matter

WHY CHOOSE TROY DEBRISOL ENZYME WOUND PUMP SPRAY?

- ✓ **Cost-effective** wound spray.
- ✓ **Convenient pump spray packaging** for easy application.
- ✓ **Available in 500 mL.**
- ✓ **Australian made** which supports local jobs.

HOW TO USE TROY DEBRISOL ENZYME WOUND PUMP SPRAY?

Dosage and Administration:

Shake well.

Spray the affected area two to three times daily.

Wipe off any excess spray from healthy surrounding tissue.

Precautions:

Repeated use on open wounds is not recommended.

Debrisol contains trypsin, a proteolytic enzyme. Trypsin has been described in wound-care literature as an enzymatic debridement agent,^{1,2} and Debrisol's registered claim is as an aid in removing pus, dead and decaying tissue.

On this basis, Debrisol is most relevant where material requiring debridement is present, such as necrotic/devitalised tissue or purulent material,² rather than for routine application to healthy tissue or a clean fresh wound bed.

Once the wound surface is clean and healthy pink granulation tissue is present, ongoing wound management should focus on protection and standard wound care rather than continued enzymatic debridement.

Apply to the affected area as directed and wipe off any excess spray from healthy surrounding tissue.

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Withholding Periods:

- MEAT: Zero (0) days.
- MILK: Zero (0) days.

Trade Advice - Export Slaughter Interval (ESI): An ESI has not been established for this product.

Storage: Store below 30 °C (room temperature).

Please read label for full product information.

References:

1. Xiang Y, Jiang Y, Lu L. Low-dose trypsin accelerates wound healing via protease-activated receptor 2. ACS Pharmacol Transl Sci. 2024;7(1):274–284. doi:10.1021/acspsci.3c00263.
2. Marchant K, Hendrickson DA, Pezzanite LM. Review of the role of biofilms in equine wounds: clinical indications and treatment strategies. Equine Vet Educ. 2024;36:152–168. doi:10.1111/eve.13919.

